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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/596,759	06/23/2006	Theodorus Franciscus Overes	NL040041	1208	
24737 7590 12/16/2009 PHILIPS INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY & STANDARDS P.O. BOX 3001 PRIADCLIFE MANOR NY 10510			EXAMINER		
			SPINELLA, KEVIN		
BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		2885			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/16/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/596,759	OVERES ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
	Aironn		

	KEVIN SPINELLA	2885	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 07 December 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.	
1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appetor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance	, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ar no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (i) MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth interthan SIX MONTHS from the mailing (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.13 ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in complifiling the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further core (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a content of the con	sideration and/or search (see NOT v); er form for appeal by materially rec	E below); lucing or simplifying th	
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.124.  The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.125.  Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):  Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).	1. See attached Notice of Non-Cor		,
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prove The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <a href="1-14 per Office Action Final Rejection declaim">1-14 per Office Action Final Rejection declaim</a> (s) withdrawn from consideration:	ided below or appended.	be entered and an ex	xplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>	sufficient reasons why the affidavi	t or other evidence is	necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fails	s to provide a
10.   The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation	n of the status of the claims after er	itry is below or attach	ed.
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER  11. ☐ The request for reconsideration has been considered but	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. ☑ Other: See Continuation Sheet.	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Jong-Suk (James) Lee/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2885			

Continuation of 3. NOTE: The canceling of Claims 1-5 does not place the application in better form for appeal.

Continuation of 13. Other: In response to applicant's arguments that the Egawa reference does not teach the Claim 6 limitation of "light guides are rotatable along a longitudinal axis," the examiner disagrees and notes that light guides 7 can each be rotated 180 degrees about a central device longitudinal axis, or in other words, the light guides 7 can be switched (see Figure 3). The examiner also notes that on page 8 of the Remarks section filed 7/27/2009, the applicant concurs with the examiner's aforementioned teaching and does not object to this rationale. Further, applicant's argument that "switching light guides" is patentably distinct from "rotating" of light guides 7 is erroneous, as the examiner notes that "switching" operationally requires "rotation" of light guides 7 in Egawa in order to allow for the light guide device to be operative. Even further, the examiner notes that the applicant is advised that, while the features of an apparatus may be recited either structurally or functionally, claims directed to an apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. In re Schreiber, 44 USPQ2d 1429. The limitation "light guides are rotatable" constitutes functional language, and since Egawa discloses all the structural limitations required to perform the recited functional language of rotating light guides, Egawa anticipates Claim 6. Applicant's alleging of teaching away is unpersuasive, as the any allegation absent substantial and specific evidence of teaching away is considered unconvincing. As light guides 7 are identical, rotation of them 180 degrees in the same direction would not interfere with uniform light radiation whatsoever. In response to applicant's argument that a "liquid crystal display member" does not constitute the Claim 10 limitation of a "wall," the examiner disagrees and notes that each and every limitation is afforded its broadest possible limitation. This interpretation is reasonable, and the examiner notes that the term "wall" in its recited context is vague and ambiguous. Thus, finality is maintained.